American Soldiers Anxious to Get Out of Cuba, He Says-Conditions in the City Improving Business Hen There to Peti-tion for His Return to the Commands

The transport Michigan, which arrived at Charantine on Tuesday night, having on board Brig.-Gen. Lawton and the bodies of four of heroes of the Santiago campaign, came up the harbor yesterday morning and anchored off Liberty Island. She was met there by the Government steamer General Meigs. Mrs. Lawton was on board the steamer to greet her husband.

The bodies brought up on the Michigan were those of Capt. Alexander M. Wetherell of the Sixth Infantry, killed at Santiago; Col. Charles A. Wikoff, who was killed on San Juan Hill on July 3; Private William E. Cheever of Company I, Seventy-first Regiment, and Private_Louis V. Skinner of Company B of the same regiment. All the bodies were transferred to the General Meigs. The transport brought up about 190 passengers, consisting discharged and furloughed soldiers and a few civilians.

Despite the high sea that was running, Gen. Lawton climbed down the rope ladder to the General Meigs. He was accompanied by his aides, Lieut, King and Capt, Ramon G. Mendoza, Assistant Adjutant-General of the Department of Colorado. Gen, Lawton is here on a sixty days' leave of absence. His health was rather poor just before his departure from Santiago, but he said the trip up had im-prov 1 him 50 per cent. The general conditions at Santiago, he said, were very favorable and the situation in the whole of southeast-

ern Cuba was good.
"The main trouble with the Cubans," said the General, "is that they have an army. "This, however, is now gradually disintegrating, and the soldiers are returning to their plantations. Gen. Wood is in charge of the sanitary work at Santiago, and as a result of his enterprise the people say the city was never so clean in its history. It is still capable of great improvement, though. There is also a pronounced improvement in business circles.

"At first there was some healtation among ousiness men owing to the lack of confidence in the promises of protection on the part of our Government. This has been overcome to a great extent now, and men who had with-drawn their capital entirely are beginning to invest it again. That the people of Cuba will accept civil authority is shown, I think, by the record made at Santiago, where since our occupation there has been hardly a breach of the ce of any importance. I was fortunate in having under me a portion of the Cuban Army, and in this way I became intimate with some of the leaders, principally Gen. Carcia. It has been through my intimacy with Gen. Garcia shat a better state of feeling now prevails between the Cubans and Americans. There was considerable ill-feeling at the surrender, but Gen. Garcia, after consultation with me, became convinced of the good intentions of the Americans and so convinced most of his troops, who believe that at the right time the Government will pass into their hands.

The American troops, both regulars and volunteers, are very discontented in Cuba and want to return home. In my mind the time will never come when the American soldier will serve in Cuba contentedly. They don't like the country and they don't care much for this people. About 20 per, cent. of the troops are sick, but that this is net due to their not being acclimated is shown by the fact that the same percentage of sickness prevails among the inhabitants. The immunes have not escaped, as was expected, for many of them are sick.

The city of Santiago, I believe, will become having under me a portion of the Cuban Army.

same percentage of sickness prevails among the inhabitants. The immunes have not escaped, as was expected, for many of them are sick.

"The city of Santiago, I believe, will become a thriving city if properly developed. Some idea of the business done already can be gained from the customs receipts, which have amounted to about \$250,000 kines the Americans took possession."

Gen. Lawton declined to answer a question put to him concerning his ideas and those of some of the leaders regarding annexation. "I may answer that in Washington," he said, The General went to New Haven last night and will go to Washington from there to-day, He has been ordered to make a report on his work, but he refused to forecast this yesterday. He said he was not anxious to go back. Mr. L. A. Fahr, who went to Cuba as a representative of some Philadeiphia capitalists, said that the Cubans all through the eastern part of the island wanted Gen. Lawton to return. In order to secure this, he said, a large delegation is being formed which will leave for Washington in a few days with a petition asking that Gen. Lawton be retained at the head of affairs. Gen. Lawton had the entire confidence of the Cubans, Mr. Fahr said, and business men of all nationalities joined with the Cubans in getting up the petition. Mr. Fahr says that 85 per cent. of the men representation.

Of the sick men who came up on the Michi-

on the sick men who came up on the Michi-gan Private Charles W. Jones of Company G. Fifth Infantry, and Levy Marshall of Com-pany M. Fifth Infantry, were removed by Major D. M. Appel to the Long Island College Hospital. The others were taken by the Wo-men's War Relief Association to their home

Hospital. The others were taken by the Women's War Relief Association to their home for convalescents in East Fifteenth street.

The body of Capt. Wetherell was taken from the transport to Governors Island. The faneral will be held on Friday. The bodies of Col. Wikoff and those of the two Seventy-first men were brought up to this city and taken in charge by local undertakers. Col. Wikoff's body will be taken to Easton, Pa., on Friday night. The Third New Jersey Regiment, from Pompton Lakes, will meet the body at Jersey City and, with the Governors Island post band, will escort it to Easton, where a, military funeral will be held on Saturday.

The funeral of Capt. Wetherell will be held on Friday afternoon at Trinity Church, the escort consisting of two companies of the Thirteenth Infantry, with the Fort Hamilton band, and Lafayette Post will escort the body from Pler 3 to the church. The line of march will be up Broad street to Wall and thence to the church. The services will be at 4 o'clock. Bishop Fotter is expected to officiate, and the pall bearers will be officers who were in the besttle at Santiago. Officers of the American Military Commission at Havana, who died there of yellow fever on Oct. 12, arrived here yesterday on the Ward line steamer Orizaba. The body was consigned to the Quartermaster's Department here, and 'accompanying it were many floral offerings from the Major's friends in Havana. The body was taken yesterday to West Point, where the funeral will be held to-day.

ARMY ORDERS.

Gen. Kent's Betirement—Gen. Greene to Assume Temporary Command of the 7th Corps. WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.-These army orders

Major-Gen. Francis V. Greene to duty with the Se enth Army Corps at Jacksonville, Fla. In the absence of Major-Gen. Fitzhugh Lee Gen. Greene will as sume temporary command of the corps.

The retirement from active service this date by th President of Major-Gen. Jacob F. Kent, U. S. V., as Brigadier-General, U. S. A., only at his own request he having served more than forty years, is announced Major Albert D. Niskern, Subsistence Department, will proceed from Havana to Santiago, Cuba, and relieve Lient, Col. Henry B. Osycood of his duties at l'eved, will proceed to Washington and report to the

leved, will proceed to Washington and report to the Commissary-General of Subsistence.

Capt. Charles P. Breeze, First Regiment, United States Volunteer Engineers, is honorably discharged the service of the United States of Control of States of Sta

transports.
The following-named Afficers of the United States
The following-named Afficers of the United States
The following-named Afficers of the United States,
the services of the United States, their services
being no longer required: Capt. Charles T. McIntire,
Capt. Robert S. Thompson, First Lieut, Williamson
S. Wright, First Lieut, Elbett Oglesbee, Second
Lieut, Meldrum Gray, Second Lieut, Merchant H.
Baldwin.

Heut. Meldrum Gray, Second Lieut. Merchant H. Heldwin.
The following-named medical officers are honorably discharged the service of the United States, their services being no longer required. Heut. Col. Ruch Huldekoper, Chief Surgeon of Volunteera: Major Thomas Earle Evins, Chief Surgeon of Volunteera: Major Thomas Earle Evins, Chief Surgeon of Volunteers, Lieut. Col. Benjamin F. Pope (Major and Surgeon, U. S. A.), as Chief Surgeon of Volunteers only; Major William H. Arthur (Captain and Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A.), as Chief Surgeon of Volunteers only; Major William H. Arthur (Captain and Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A.), as Chief Surgeon of Volunteers only; Major Olimber of Chief Surgeon of Volunteers only; Major Olimber of Surgeon of Volunteers only; Major Olimber of Surgeon of Volunteers only; Major Olimber of Surgeon of Volunteers only of Surgeon of Chief Chief States, his services being no longer revired.

The following named officers, having tendered their resignations, are honorably discharged the service of the United States;

Capt S. Schieferin Stebbins, Twelfth New York; Capt A. Onble Rocquet, Second Louisians; First Lieut, Liward Lee Shupher M. Eccond Missouri; First Lieut, Liward Lee Shupher M. Second Tennessee.

No More Consership in Porto Rico. San Juan, Porto Raco, Let 10,-The Spanish councy has retired from San Juan and the consorains in abounded.

GOOD ROADS AROUND SANTIAGO Gen. Wood Will Have Them Bullt at Once

Special Cable Despatch to THE BUR.
SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Oct. 19.—Gen. Wood has authorized the construction of a military road around the city, and the work will begin at once. The road, which will be seven miles long, will connect the wharves, military barracks and hospitals. Another good road be built straight through the town from the wharves to the main fort back of the city.

The decision of the War Department requiring the officers of the Second Immune Regiment to refund the money paid them for their ser vices in organizing the regiment from the time the work began until they were regularly commissioned has caused three Captains and five Lieutenants to proffer their resignations. These, however, will be withheld until a request can be made to have the order for the refunding of the money reseluded by the War Department.

Gen. Wood, the American commander here has decided to appoint Leonardo Ros, who was the Autonomist Civil Governor of the province and Mayor of the city of Santiago under the Spanish regime, a member of his Counc ., and to restore him to the office of Mayor as soon as Major MacLeary, the present incumbent, has completed the organization of the municipality

according to American ideas. Sefior Bos had a long interview with Gen Wood to-day, when he explained the reason why he had not offered his services to the Americans sooner. He said that Gen. Shafter had not used him fairly. Gen. Shafter authorized Sefor Ros and other Spanish civil officers to retain their positions when the Americans en tered the city, and soon afterward dismissed

all of them without pay.

Gen. Wood to-day paid his sala y and thos of the other officials from the time the Ameri-cans occupied the city until their dismissal. Ros is popular with the Cubans and Spaniards alike. The announcement of his appointment to office under the American Gov ment has caused general satisfaction. Gen Wood believes that his knowledge of the country and the people will make him a valuable

LIEUT.-COL. ROWAN BACK FROM CUBA He Has Just Completed for Gen. Miles an

Inspection of Roads There. Lieut.-Col. Andrew S. Rowan of the Nine teenth Infantry, who was promoted for his daring trip of reconnoissance in Cuba at the beginning of the war, arrived here yesterday from Havana on the Ward line steamer Ori maba. He stopped last night at the Windsor Hotel and will go to Washington to-day to report to the War Department the results of a special trip through Cuba, which he has just completed. Col. Rowan was ordered to make this trip by Gen. Miles, who desired to learn something about the conditions of the roads and how they were suited for the movement of tropps. Col. Bowan started from Gibara on Sept. 4 and travelled from there to Santiago, visiting the towns of Manzanillo, Santa Cruz, Del Sur, and Puerto Principe. From Santiago he, struck along the 'backbone of the island to Sansti Spiritus. Thence he travelled to Pinar del Rio and on to Havana, which he reache i on Oct. 15. Col. Rowan was accompanied by Lieut. Charles Parker of the Second Artillery, and the party included a number of Cuban guides.

Col. Rowan met several of the Cuban Generals, among them Gomez, whom he met at Boffl, and also Calixto Garcia. Col. Rowan was more favorably impressed with the latter, who isla fine soldier, he says.

"I found the condition of the people," said Col. Rowan, "to be very bad, both in health and in means. At the same time they are very submissive, but believe that after a while they will be allowed to govern themselves. Parts of the island are perfectly adapted for the transportation of troops, but in other places the roads are overgrown. A railroad can easily be built from Pinar del Rio to Santa Clara, but from there the means of travel will have to be not foot or by horse. The croos are peor, owing to the fields in many places being completely, devastated. I found some, sugar, however, growing in Havana and Matanzas provinces and considerable tobacco in Porto Rice." gaba. He stopped last night at the Windso Hotel and will go to Washington to-day to re

JOINT PEACE COMMISSION.

Meeting Postponed Till Friday at the Request of the Spanish Members.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.

Parts, Oct. 19.—At the request of the Spanish Commissioners the meeting of the Joint Peace Commission, which was to have been held today, was postponed until Friday. The request of the Spanish Commission was

robably due to the delay in the receipt of fresh instructions from Madrid.

OFF FOR THE PHILIPPINES.

A Shipload of Troops Sailed Yesterday and Two More Will Follow on Saturday.

San Francisco, Oct. 19 .- Companies F. G.II. and L of First Washington Volunteers and 100 men of Batteries A and D of the First Battalion of the California Heavy Artillery embarked on

of the California Heavy Artillery embarked on the steamer Valencia this morning and salled for Manila this afternoon. The expedition is under command of Lieur.-Col. W. J. File of the Washington Volunteers.

Orders have been issued assigning troops to the Indiana and Ohio, which will probably sail on next Saturday. The First and Third battalions of the First Washington Volunteers, under command of Col. Wholly, will go on board the Ohio, and two battalions and about 100 men of the California Heavy Artillery will sail on the Indiana. The Pennsylvania will take fifty men of the First Iowa Hegiment. The officers at headquarters are greatly relieved, as there are enough transports to take all the troops assigned to the Philippine expeditionary forces. By Nov. I all the troops will be on their way to the islands.

TWO TRANSPORTS LEAVE PONCE. Third Wisconsin and Sixth Massachusetts Regiments Coming Home.

Col. A. S. Kimball, the Quartermaster here, received word from Washington yesterday hat the transport Manitoba with the Third that the transport Manitoba with the Third Wisconsin Regiment sailed from Porto Rieo yesterday, and is expected here about Oct. 25. The transport Mississippi also left Porto Rieo yesterday with the Sixth Massachusetts, which she will land at Boston.

The transport Berlin sailed yesterday for Santiago, Ponce, and San Juan. She carried one of the largest cargoes of food supplies yet sent to the troops in those places. Included in her cargo were 500,000 rations for the Cubans at Santiago.

Admiral Dewey to Remain at Manila, WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.-Secretary Long said o-day that the reports that Admiral Dewey would return to the United States were erro would feture to the Chief States were erro-neous, as the Navy Department had no such in-formation. It has been suggested to Admiral Dewey several times that he go to Paris to ad-vise the American Feace Commission on the situation in the Philippines, but he has adhered to his purpose to remain at Manila until the Philippines question had been settled or all danger of trouble there had passed.

Resolute Detained for Disinfection.

The auxiliary cruiser Resolute, Commande G. Eaton, arrived at Quarantine yesterday from Havana and Dry Tortugas, and was de-tained for disinfection. She left Havana on Oct. 10 because one of her officers, Lieut. F.H. Pullen, was ill of yellow fever. He died the next day. The vessel was disinfected at Dry Tortugas, and on the voyage up, under direc-tion of the ship's surgeon, the disinfection was continued.

Monitors Terror and Puritan Placed in Reserve.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.-Tife double-turre nonitors Terror and Puritan have been placed in reserve at the Norfolk Navy Yard, where the Terror arrived yesterday and the Puritan to-day. The collier Hannibal and the auxilliary gunboat Hornet were placed out of commission at Norfolk yesterday.

The President Congratulates Gen. Brooke WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.-The following cable has been sent to Gen. Brooke at San Juan, Porto Rico:

"Yourself and your associates of the com-mission have my sincere congratulations." WILLIAM McKINLEY." Important Henring at the City Hall To-

A hearing before the Joint Committee

Law, Public Buildings, Lighting and Supplies. and Public Health upon the proposed ordi nances relating to the appointment of a build-ing commission will be held at the City Hall, beginning at 3 o'clock to-morrow atternoon. The charter provides that the Municipal As-sembly shall adopt a building code, whereupon all existing besidding laws are abroguled. The building commission to be selected will draft the code. SUPPLIES CAME PROMPTLY.

TESTIMONY AT JACKSONVILLE BE FORE THE ARMY COMMISSION.

Regimental Officers Declare That in the Main There Was No Fault to He Found with the Army Management-Good Results Where There Was Thorough Supervision.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 19.-The examination of witnesses by the War Investigating Commission progressed rapidly to-day. Regimental officers were examined, and as yesterday, the scope of the inquiry was extensive

One of the chief witnesses was Col. James R. Campbell of the Ninth Illinois Regiment. Col. Campbell is a Democratic Congressman from southern Dlinois and his testimony showed his regiment to be in excellent condition and well officered. The men had no complaints, were doing well and desired to be sent to Cuba. Col. Campbell personally does not want to be mustared out and says, he desires to remain with his men.

Major Fry, a brigade surgeon, told of the onditions at Montauk, McPherson's Island and Jacksonville. Col. Dows of the Forty-ninth Iowa testified to the general satisfaction in his regiment.

Col. Denby of the War Commission has not been in good health since coming South and decided this afternoon to return to Washington, where he will be in charge of the office of

Col, Campbell said his men were from families all known to him and he explained that he looked after them carefully. The regiment was mustered into service in July and does not desire to be mustered out. Not 5 per cent. of the men want to go home. The food and supplies he pronounced good and he thought the men had been well provided for. The siekness he did not attribute to either climate or soil conditions, but believed it was caused by early drilling in the morning dews. These drills were abandoned, however, and the health of the men improved.

Col. Campbell said that his men should have the Krag-Jörgensen rifles, as they were rather efficient marksmen. He explained that he had requested the War Department for that rifle, but he found that as a Colonel in the army he could not communicate so well with

rifle, but he found that as a Colonel in the army he could not communicate so well with the department as in the capacity of a Congressman. He thought there was a little too much red tape in the army, but he did not know of any one suffering because of it.

Lieut. Simeon Moore, regimental commissary of Coi. Campbell's command, testified that he had some trouble with refrigerated beef. He could not say it was spoiled, but it had a peculiar odor due to the refriserator cars. Some surprise was caused when the witness said that by proper care the regiment saved live-twelfths of its flour-ration by running a regimental bakery. John H. Toillter, Lieutenant and Quartermaster of the Nint Millinois, said his department had little trouble with Quartermaster supplies.

Major Royce D. Fry, a brigade surgeon in the Third Division hospital, was called. He came to Jacksonville from Camp Wikoff, Montauk. Major Fry thought much sickness was caused by men not earing for themselves. They were careless in many ways and their systems became run down. A shortage observed by Major Fry was in bed linen, which was deficient at first, but private contributions furnished what was necessary. The lantern and candle supply for the hospitals was also small and these articles were procured from the Red Cross. Major Fry told Dr. Connor that the surgeons had the 60-cent commutation and could have purchased such articles with money from that fund. He thought that some convalescents had been allowed to go to their homes before they were sufficiently recovered to travel. This occurred at Montauk and also Jacksonyille, and was attributed to the inexperience of the physicians and not entirely to the importunities of friends and relatives.

"How is the hospital corps?" asked Dr. Connor Hospital corps." elatives. "How is the hospital corps?" asked Dr. Con-

"How is the hospital corps?" asked Dr. Connor.
"It is not efficient and will not be under the present system. The men are not only inefficient, but are indifferent."

Spesking of contract surgeons, he said that they were not all efficient.
"What percentage" Dr. Connor inquired.
"There are," he replied, "50 per cent, that I would not trust to treat any one of my family."
The volunteer surgeons, he thought, were good, so far as he had discovered. Major Fry desired to explain his remark about the contract surgeons. He did not believe that surgeons just graduated from college were capable of treating typhoid, and in his opinion many of the contract physicians were young graduates. graduates.
"There has not been," he asserted, "the proper supervision of the hospitals by experi

proper supervision of the administ filve work enced men."

In his opinion the administ filve work could well be transferred to a non-professional man, leaving the chief surgeons free for professional duties. Referring to the reports about Montauk, he charged that New York city reporters were sent there, to write only what was bad and not to describe true conditions.

tions.

Was that true of all New York newspapers?" ask-of Gen. Dodge.

No, sir; it referred only to a certain class of
papers, two or three."

Col. Dows of the Forty-ninth Iowa followed
Major Fry. He regarded everything in his
regiment as satisfactory and said all his requisitions had been honored for ounriermaster's supplies and commissary stores. The

string has been incorrectly believed that he supplies and commissary stores. The food was also satisfactory.

Brig.-Gen. Williston of the Seventh Army Corps testified that at Camp Thomas he was in charge of the artillery troops. At Chickannunga, he said, his camp site was unsatisfactory, because of the soil. It was only by untiring energy that he was able to maintain proper sanitation. He remarked that he tried as hard as possible to have the men drink only boiled water, but it was useless. His order in that regard was not carried out. The health of his command was excellent and in mere than 1,000 men there were only three cases of typhoid fever.

T would not allow any pies and such nonsense around, "he explained, and had all food inspected." What is your opinion about Chickamaugh.

"What is your opinion about Chickamaug "What is your opinion about Chickamaug; as a camping ground for a large body o troops?" Gen. Beaver asked.
"I am not in favor of it," he answered. Con cerning the Jacksonville camp he said he couls not see that any fault could be found with the

Quartermaster's or Commissary departments Referring to Camp Wikoff, he said it wa prepared for the troops coming from Santi

"Were the tents floored?" he was asked.
"No, sir, it was impossible to get the lumber. I was informed that we could not get it over the Long Island Bailroad. The commissary supply was excellent.

The commission this afternoon again visited Camp Cuba Libre and expect to leave Jack sonville to-morrow night for Atlanta.

TWENTY HORSES BURNED.

The Ryan Family Saves Nothing but the Family Bible.

Policeman McCormick saw a dense cloud of moke coming from the two-story brick stable at 511 West Fifty-fourth street about I o'clock this morning and rang an alarm. Then he and Policeman Heckler ran to the second floor of the building, where they knew James Ryan, the caretaker of the stable, and his family lived. They found the Ryan family already awake, but could not induce the eldes daughter to quit the building until she had

already awake, but could not induce the eldest daughter to quit the building until she had rescued the family Bible. She bore this in triumph to the ground, and it was the only thing saved from the rooms, even the inmate' clothing being left behind.

The stables were the property of William H. Cornet, a dealer in sand, living at 424 West Fifty-first street. In the basement were ten horses on the first floor were kept from thirty to thirty-five wagons; on the second floor, front, were the sleeping rooms of the Ryan family, while in the rear were twenty more horses.

When Heckler and McCormick had seen the Ryans safely out of the building they ran back and opened the door of the stalls on the second floor. They yelled to the horses, but none tried to escape except one old gray herse that trotted quietly out of the door and did not seem the least dismayed by the excitement and smoke. It was the only one of the thirty horses that was saved.

On the arrival of the firemen Acting Chief Farrell saw that he had a bad fire to deal with and rang a second alarm. The firemen tried to enter the building, but the smoke drove them back, it also forced the people in the neighboring tenements into the streets, and the priests of St. Ambrose's Church, who live in a house on Fifty-fifth street, the rear of which reaches almost to the rear of the stables, were also obliged to quit their rooms. The loss will be more than \$10,000.

\$3,400,000 FROM THE KLONDIKE, The Largest Gold Dust Shipment of the Senson Reaches Senttle.

SEATTLE, Oct. 19.-The steamer Roanoke. from St. Michael Oct. 8, arrived this afternoon, bringing 400 passengers and \$3,400,000 in gold dust, most of which belongs to Canadian gold dust, most of which belongs to Canadian banks and the North American Transportation Company. The passengers are credited with about \$500,000. It required fifty-eight strong boxes to hold the precious motal, which was under guard in the pureer's room.

This is the largest shipment of gold dust of the season and is the last clean-up of the camp. Noestend was taken to the favorement assay office, swelling the aggregato received there to \$7,700,000 since July 19. KUDLICH'S LODGING, HOUSE DECISION. Superintendent McCullngh Says the Law Re-

The decision of Magistrate Kudlich that a Bowery lodger could maintain his residence for the purposes of voting by the mere fact of his registering at the lodging house thirty days before the election, irrespective of whether he afterward stayed at the house or not, will not tendent McCullagh and the Republican managers are going to have it carried further. They expect to see the Magistrate's law demolished in shortest order as soon as the light of com-

mon sense is let in upon it. Magistrate Kudlleh declared yesterday that nobody had any right to assume that because he discharged Harris he had made the decision that men who registered for one night in a lodging house thirty days before election had a right to vota.

I decided Harris's case entirely on its merits," he said. "It was shown by the evi-

merits," he said. "It was shown by the evidence that Harris was frequently out of the city, because of his occupation as a deckhand on one of the Sound steamboats, and that when in the city he lived at 25 Bowery.

"Assistant District Attorney Gordon, who appeared for the people, agreed with me that there was no evidence of any violation of the law. My decision has no bearing on other cases that may come up, which will be considered according to the circumstances surrounding them."

Assistant District Attorney Gordon is a Tam-Assistant District Attorney Gordon is a Tam-

Assistant District Attorney Gordon is a Tammany man.

Magistrate Kudilch wrote later to Superintendent McCullagh asking him to have the witnesses in the registration cases in which he adjudicated summoned before the Grand Jury. In his reply Mr. McCullagh said:

"In the case of Harris, I am satisfied that the man cannot legally claim a residence at the lodging house. The plain provisions of law requiring a certificate to me from the lodging-house proprietor each day for thirty days were enacted by the Legislature for the purpose of certifying to the man's continuous residence in the lodging house. In the absence of such certification, and in view of the evidence that he has not continuously resided at that house, in my judgment, makes it clearly a case of illegal registration.

"As to your request that I forthwith cause the witnesses brought before you to be summoned before the Grand Jury. I desire to say that at the proper time and before the proper tribunal these witnesses will be examined and such action taken as the tribunal before which they are brought shall determine wise."

REPUBLICANS DISCHARGED. Democratic Bridge Keepers Kept-Repub-licans Discover the Reason.

Justice Gaynor signed an order yesterday equiring John L. Shea, Commissioner Bridges, to show cause on Nov. 1 why he should not reinstate fourteen bridge keepers who were dismissed without a hearing. The as follows: Thomas B. Hobby, George Wilson. William Boyd, Emile Remmer, Henry Krepp, Samuel Patterson, Henry Teser, Frank Sheridan, George F. Carroll, James Loyd, William Hopby, Richard Ulrich, Peter Lambert and John Riggs. These men were employed on bridges over Newtown Creek and Dutch Kills and elsewhere.

The discharged men were anxious to know why they were discharged, and they found way they were disenarged, and they found that one Joseph W. Balet had made a report to Commissioner Shea that in the case of certain bridges in which they and certain Democrats were keepers. "The mechanism was in a neglected state, and large lumps of dirt and crusted oil had been allowed to accumulate in the journals and bearings." The discharged men, who insist that the bridges were in good order, were not asked to give their side of the case. What further surprised them was that the Democrats who kept bridges covered by the report were not disturbed.

William Hoyd, one of the discharged men, got Henry French, a politician of his district, to write to Thomas H. York about it so as to find out what was really the matter, as it was not supposed that the report of Balet was the moving cause, and the following note received by Mr. French was laid before Justice Gaynor. "Hos. Heavy French."

"Sin: The removal of William Boyd recommended by Patronage Committee of Kings. Yours.

In applying for the order to show cause Lawyer James M. Kerr, in behalf of the discharged men, said that they had been discharged because they were Republicans and as the result of a conspiracy of Balet, Thomas H. York and Patronage Committee of Kings." Those who were head keepers received salaries of \$1,000 a year. that one Joseph W. Balet had made a report to

Says He Talks as a Sensible American or

The Rev. Dr. Sylvester Malone, the venerable Brooklyn priest, is an enthusiastic supporter of Col. Roosevelt. He made this statement yesterday: "It is my impression that my position in this Gubernatorial contest is pretty well known on account of my letter to Col. Roose-velt while he was at Santiago congratulating him upon Congress having named him Colonel of the regiment. I wish him success. On any question that comes up he talks with good ludgment, as a sensible American ought to talk.

Jersey Democrats Renounce the Degenerate

George L. Record, a prominent lawyer in Jersey City, who has been for years a Democratic leader, has renounced the Democratic party and will go on the stamp for Gov. Voorheer and the other Republican candidates. Mr. Record was a sound-money Democrat and a member of the State Committee in 1896.

Rynier J. Wortendyke, who was Chairman of the Hudson County Committee of the sound-money Democrats, and Andrew J. Corcoran, former President of the Board of Trade, have also renounced the Democratic party.

Democratic Nominations in Bergen County, HACKENSACK, N. J., Oct. 19,-The Bergen County Democratic Convention to-day nominated Daniel A. Currie of Englewood for Sen ator, George Zimmorman of Carlstadt and A. S. Z. Demarest of Orvil for the Assembly, Jacob L. Van Buskirk of Hackensack for Sheriff, and James F. McXally of Ridgelleld and George F. Hosey of Orvil for Coroners.

STORM BRINGS HIGH TIDE. Streets and Ferryhouses Flooded in Jersey City-Traffic Impeded.

The high tide and heavy rain yesterday morn ing flooded the lower part of Jersey City, especially in the vicinity of the Eric Bailroad depot and Pavonia ferry. The lower part of Pavonia venue was flooded to a height of about four feet and access to the ferry and the railroad feet and access to the ferry and the railroad waiting room could be had only through the upper end of the train shed. Trolley cars were obliged to stop 200 feet west of the ferry entrance and the water was up to the hubs of wagons and trucks that ventured through to the ferry. A part of the time the ferry bridges were elevated at an angle of about twenty degrees. The southeast corner of the passenger waiting room and the restaurant were floeded. The water subsided in the afternoon, leaving a thick layer of mud. Ballroad and ferry officials said it was the highest tide they had seen in a number of years.

BROOKLYN LIBRARY ENRICHED. James A. H. Bell Presents to It His Collection of Books.

James A. H. Bell, an old resident of Brooklyn as presented his collection of 10,425 volumes o the Brooklyn Library, and a special room has been set apart for it in the Montague street has been set apart for it in the Montague street building. Mr. Bell's gift includes the cases in which he kept the books and a general equipment for the room. He had long provided in his will for the transfer of his books to the library, but recently he determined to have the transfer made while he was still alive. He has been collecting the books for over fifty years and the cataloxue is his own work. The collection is rich in books of travel, history, biography, and theology. Have hibles are one of its most valuable features. Its cost is estimated at over \$100,000,

"Lafayette Day" in the Schools

Yesterday was observed as "Lafayotte Day! n all the schools of this city. Patriotic songs were sung and addresses made by teachers or were sung and addresses made by teachers on Lafayette. State Superintendent Skinner has decided that funds for the proposed monument in memory of Lafayette cannot legally be collected by subscriptions among public school children. This monument is to cost about a quarter of a million dollars, and is to be unveiled in Paris on July 4, 1900, United States Day in the French Universal Exposition. It was proposed to make it a sift from the children of America.

New Schools for Kindergarten Work. At the regular meeting of the School Board of Manhattan and the Bronx yesterday it was decided to lease three new buildings for school purposes, to be used, it is said, in the new kin-dergarten system.

FICKLE AUTUMN DAYS

No Danger if Warner's Safe Cure is Used.

Funeral Services Held in the Island Ceme-

tery Chapel in Newport.

August Belmont, who died in Paris on Sept. 27, arrived here early this morning on a special

train. The funeral party numbered about

twenty, including Mr. August Belmont, his

three sons and Perry Belmont, Mrs. George Tiffany, Miss Tiffany, Mr. Perry Tiffany, Mr.

Tiffany, Miss Tiffany, Mr. Perry Tiffany, Mr. and Mrs. Ow. Bird, Mr. and Mrs. Bidney Dillon Ripley, Contessa Muccioli, Mr. Edward Morgan, Mr. Edward Morgan, Mr. Edward Morgan, Mr. Edward Morgan, Mr. Bellon, Mrs. Schenek and Miss Schenek. The luneral party went to the Island Cemetery, where the remains were placed in the Belmont Memorial Chapel. Prayers were read by the Rev. Dr. E. Winchester Donald of Trinity Church, Boston. The casket was then taken across the narrow avenue to Perry Circle, where the committed service was read and the body lowered into the grave. There were a large number of floral offerings.

CUT IN TOBACCO PRICES.

Rivals in the Trade.

the American Tobacco Company in the prices

of tobacco, is taken in the trade as indicating a general engagement between the large forces in the plug tobacco business. Some weeks ago

or other manufacturers, but the purchase of

OCTOBER WEDDINGS.

Pugh-O'Connor.

Pugh of Washington were married yesterday

morning in St. Leo's Roman Catholic Church,

in East Twenty-eighth street. The bride is a

daughter of the late Representative M. P.

O'Connor of South Carolina. Mr. Pugh is a son

O'Connor of South Carolina. Mr. Fugh is a son of former Senator Pugh of Alabama. The Rev. N. N. McKinnon, rector of the Church of St. Ignatius, performed the eeremony at 11 o'clock and celebrated the nubtial mass. Miss Julia O'Connor, a sister of the bride, was the maid of honor. Haviland Stevenson of Washington was best man. Mr. Howard Martin, Mr. Joseph N. Early and Mr. Charles A. Malloy of this city and Mr. Frank Q. O'Nelli of Charleston, S. C. were the ushers. Mr. and Mrs. Pugh are to reside in Washington, D. C.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Oct. 19.-Miss Elizabeth Ruffner Noves and Mr. Samuel Hopkins Adams

of New York were married here to-night in

the First Presbyterian Church, the Rev. Dr. J. C. Barr officiating. Mr. Adams was attended

Hays-Sanders.

Miss Mary Noxon Sanders and William Henry

Hays were married yesterday afternoon in the

Madison Avenue Baptist Church. The Rev. Dr.

Henry M. Sanders, pastor of the church, and

the bride's uncle, performed the ceremony at 4

o'clock, assisted by the Rev. W. H. P. Faunce.

Mrs. William S. Gould, the bride's sister, was

the bride's only attendant. John Scott Brown-ing was best man. After the ceremony there was a reception at the home of the bride's parents, Dr. and Mrs. Charles Watson Sanders, 53 East Flifty-third street. The bridegroom is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Hays.

Schurman-Munro.

Miss Helen Isabella Munro, daughter of the

late George Munro, the well-known publisher,

and George W. Schurman were married vesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's

mother, 15 West Fifty-seventh street. The

Rev. Abbott E. Kitredge performed the cere-mony at 4 o'clock, and the bride was given away by her brother deorge William Muuro, Only relatives and intimate friends were pres-ent at the marriage. The bridegroom is a member of the law firm of Carter, Hughes & Dwight.

Hines-Breckinridge.

night, in the room in which her mother was married, Miss Mary Breckinridge, eldest

daughter of Gen. Joseph C. Breckinridge, eidest daughter of Gen. Joseph C. Breckinridge, was married to Ensign John Fore Hines, United States Navy.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Ragelisse of Washington. The bride's brother, Lleut, Ethelbert Breckinridge, was best man, and her sister, Hazel Breckinridge, was her maid of honor.

Spencer-Langford.

Miss Elizabeth Shapter Langford, the eldest

daughter of the late Rev. William S. Langford

D. D., who was for many years Secretary for

the Board of Foreign Missions of the Protestant Episcopal Church in America, was wedded yesterday afternoon to Charles John Spencer, the only son of Charles E. Spencer of Avenue A and North street, Bayonne, at the home of the bride's mother, at the corner of West Eighth street and the Hudson County Boulevard, Bayonne.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 19,-At 8 o'clock to-

Miss Anals O'Connor and Edward Lawrence

NEWPORT, R. L. Oct. 19.-The body of Mrs.



His Body Found in the Outlet of Chautau-

qua Lake, in Jamestown.

Jamestown, N. Y., Oct. 19.-W. G. Shipman

of Chautauqua Lake on Sunday night and the

body was recovered this morning. Mr. Ship-

man came to this city early last week and took

quarters at the Humphrey House. He was the travelling auditor of the National Transit

Company, and his business had brought him

to the city many times during the year. For a long time he was employed in the auditor's

office in New York, but some time ago was

brother, G. R. Shipman, live at 60 West Ninety-

second street, New York, where he made his

home when not on duty for his company. Yes-

terday a number of telegrams were received

inquiring for young Shipman and a search was immediately instituted. His mother said that

she had received a letter from him which

greatly worried her, and she feared he had be-

come crazed over some trouble.

On Monday afternoon his overcoat, hat, and vest were found on the banks of the outlet, and when this fact was communicated to his friends the conclusion was immediately arrived at that he had committed suicide, and search for

that he had committed suicide, and search for the body was instituted. Shipman was 33 years of age, and if he had any trouble no one but himself and mother knew of it. His ac-counts at Oil City have been thoroughly in-vestigated and found to be all right. His effects were searched, but not a thing was found to indicate his intention of self-destruc-tion. In the pocket of his overcoat was found the following:

"Please notify and send remains to G. R. Shipman, 60 West Ninety-second street, New York city. Also send word to Mr. Schlaudecker, manager Pennsylvania Gas Company, James-town, N. Y. Enough money will be found in vallee at Humphrey House to pay all expenses."

A MAN'S LIFE FOR A ROBIN'S.

A Jury Finds That Game Warden Tooker

Fired Without Criminal Intent.

PATERSON, N. J., Oct. 19.-Coroner Hindle

held an inquest last night regarding the fatal

shooting of Seconda Canova by Game Warden

James Tooker in the Preakness Mountains last

Saturday after Canova had shot a robin. Ben-

iamin Brown, who also is a game warden was

with Tooker at the time of the shooting. He

swore that Canova raised his gun to his shoul-

der when ordered by Tooker to surrender it

and said: "No, I won't." With that Tooker

John Daniele, another Italian, who had been

in the company of Canova, testifled that Brown

was not within view of the shooting, but came

upon the scene later. Daniele also testified that Tooker shot Canova without any provoca-

tion whatever, and that Canova's gun was at

no time near his shoulder after the appearance of Tooker. Daniele and Canova were close together when Tooker approached and grabbed Daniele's gun. Canova stepped away a few races, and as he did so Tooker drew his pistol and shot him.

The jury found that Canova "came to his death as a result of a bullet from a pistol fired by James Tooker, which, in our opinion, was not done with cruminal intent."

A meeting of Italians was held last eyening to express condemnation of the killing of Canova and sympathy with the parents of the dear young man. At the meeting the shooting was denounced as wilful murder. The meeting was attended by over 200 persons,

ASKED MISS GOULD'S HELP.

The Striking Ladies' Tailors Want Her to

Intercede with the Employers.

The ladies' tailors, who have been idle for

wenty-twe weeks because of a combination

lockout and strike, said yesterday that they

would endeavor to enlist the sympathies of the

ociety women who wear the high-priced

gowns they make. Three weeks ago a striker

named Hoffman went to see Miss Helen Gould

in order to get her to assist in arbitrating the

trouble. Hoffman was selected by George Topfstatt, the Secretary of the union, for this

ask, and was provided with credentials from

the union. When he arrived at Irvington,

where Miss Gould lives, he sought out her pas-

where Miss Gould lives, he sought out her pastor, and, after relating his story, obtained a letter of introduction to Miss Gould.

He called at Miss Gould's house, but she was very busy seeing about clothing for the soldiers, and he was unable to see her. He gave his letter and credentials to an elderly lady, who took them to Miss Gould. She said Miss Gould would write to him later. He received no letter, so he wrote to the clergyman about it, receiving a reply to the effect that Miss Gould would no doubt aftend to the matter in her own time.

Harvard Has 3,774 Students.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 10.-The total regis tration of Harvard University, according to the university directory, which was issued to-day,

shows 3,774 students enrolled in all depart

ments, an increase of 35 over just year. There

is no noticeable change in the proportion of students in the departments. The roll of pro-fessors and instructors numbers 423.

The Weather. .

The heavy rain and high wind which prevailed

over this section on Tuesday night accompanied a storm which appeared on this coast and moved sen-

ward resterday, followed by clearing weather in the

middle Atlantic States. The extensive storm in the centre of the country moved northward into the

lake regions, where it was rapidly losing force. Rain and snow were reported in the lake regions and Canada, and snow in the Northwest.

It was from 6 to 18 degrees colder in the Southers

States and Northwest, with freezing temperature in the latter district and freet in Illinois; and thence conthward to Mississippi, the Tennessee Valley, and

In this city the day was rainy until about 10 A. M.,

the total minfall being .81 of an inch; wind shifted from northeast to southwest, highest velocity as

miles an hour; average humidity 7s per cent.; high

at temperature 72°, lowest 50°; barometer correcte o read to sea level, at 8 A. M. 30.00, 8 P. M. 29.00.

The temperature as recorded by the official ther

mometer and also by THE SUN'S thermometer at the street level is shown in the annexed table:

York, fair; brisk locaterly winds.

drew his revolver and fired.

transferred to Oil City. His mother

nmitted suicide by jumping into the outlet

"I got more Warner's Safe Cure, and it served the sciatic rheum tism as Admiral Dewky served the Spanish ships at Manila. It al knocked my old enemy, kidney trouble. I was soon able to disper with my canes and to go about my business." The connection between the kidneys and the rheumatism was The connection between the kidneys and the rheumatism was probably obvious to Mr. Lewis, but it may not be to everybedy who reads the story of his recovery. The diseased kidneys, sluggish and incompetent, instead of taking dead tissue from the blood and hurrying it out of the body, acted as a dam. In such a case, with every beat of the heart, the blood is laden with a substance as truly poisonous as arsenic or strychnine. But it is a lingering poison, except when the rheumatism touches the heart; then it kills like lightning.

A chill air and a lowering sky in the morning, a sudden rush of

heat in the middle of the afternoon, then a cutting wind after sunset

This is the weather that threatens not only the avowed invalids, but

many who fancy themselves stronger than they are. It strikes them

all, the grinding, cutting rheumatism which may last for years, defv.

ing common remedies, cintments, liniments, etc. The worst of dis-

cases begin in the kidneys, and in the fickle autumn weather the seeds

of danger are sown. Avoid the saddest consequences of these uncer-

"I had been confined to the house for months with sciatic rheumatism, not able to get into or out of bed without help, and had despaired of ever being able to walk again. A friend advised me to take Warner's Safe Cure. I told him I had been lame so long I had no hopes of getting well. But a drowning man will grasp at a straw, so I sent for two bottles, and when I had taken them I walked to my barn, with the aid of two cames.

tain days. Strengthen your kidneys with Warner's Safe Cure.

Then come feelings of cold, headache, nervousness, and, worst of

in the back. It stops the free action of the kidneys.

P. W. Lewis of Clyde, Ohio, writes:

such is the history of an autumn day in the north temperate zone,

There is no hope for the rheumatic unless he attend to his kidneys and, by making them sound and strong, rid his system of the enemy. There is more than hope; there is certainty of renewed health in Warner's Safe Cure. Can any fair-minded man, or woman, doubt this, after reading Mr. Lewis's letter?

GREAT WESTERN.

A NATURAL CHAMPAGNE FINEST QUALITY. PRODUCED IN AMERICA.

Bottled only by the Pleasant Valler Wine Company (Organized 1860) For Sale by

Try it. It will not disappoint you.

H. B. KIRK & CO., NEW YORK S. S. PEIRCE CO., BOSTON,

READ DR. JAEGER'S
"HEALTH CULTURE"

MAILED
FREE.

GLOTHING
RETAILSTORES
16 West 23"St
NEAR FIFTH AVE.
166 Broadway near Cortlandt
248 W.125thSt. Harlem.
Tailoring Dept. 227 Broadway. READ DR. JAEGER'S

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE HANGING HAT RACKS (Aut. Oak and Mahogany Finish),

45 West 23d Street.

\$2,050 FOR RED OAK. Stanton Elliott's Prize-Winning Jumper Fetches Top Price.

Lady Kildare, b. m., 16 hands, by Edinburgh;

J. H. Townsend, New York.

Melrose, b. g., 16.3½ hands, 6 years, by Edinburgh;

J. H. Townsend, New York.

Bed Oak, b. g., 15.2½ hands, 7 years, by imp.

Trafalgar: H. B. Clark, New York.

Excelsior, br. g., 15.3 hands, 6 years; F. A.

Rice, New York.

Dandy, b. g., 16 hands, 5 years, by Dandle
Dinmont; J. S. Turner, New York, 500

Bonnic, br. m., 15.2½ hands, 6 years; J. T.

Hyde, New York, 5 years, by Imp.

Albert; J. Georne Flammor, New York, 400

Prince Albert; b. g., 16 hands, 5 years, by Imp.

Albert; J. Georne Flammor, New York, 400

Monsrch, b. g., 16.3 hands, 5 years, by Lapdist Durce; E. N. Smith, New York, 560

C. Barr officiating. Mr. Adams was attended by Waistein Root of New York as best man and the following as ushers: Wilson Noyes, Albert H. Walker, Edward W. Brightwell, Griffith T. Smith, Morris O. Brooks and William A. Wills. The maid of honor was Miss Emily Pullen of Cincinnati and the bridesmaids were Misses Katherine Belle Abney, Marguerite Allemong, Charlotte Allemong, Annie Lewis and Anna Finzer. Mrs. Adams is a daughter of Philip Helverson Noyes of this city and Mr. Adams is a son of the late Rev. Myron H. Adams of Rochester, He is a graduate of Hamilton College.

Almant, Oct. 19.—Court of Appeals day calendar or to-morrow is: Nos. 598, 461, 597, 500, 600, 842, 70 and 601.

Fire in Hellevue Hospital. The Marquand pavilion in the Bellevue Hospital grounds was on fire yesterday. A curtain in the operating room on the second floor was blown in and set on fire by a gas jet. Bicycle Policeman Whitman was near and sent an alarm, which brought a number of engines to the spot. The nurses in the burning pavilion put out the fire. Nineteen years ago this pavilion was burned to the ground and several lives were lost.

St. Paul Again a Peaceful Liner. WASHINGTON PORFICART FOR THURSDAY.
For Massachusetts, fair, preceded by rain on the The American line steamship St. Paul sailed yesterday on her first trip to Southampton oast; brisk southeasterly, shifting to southwesterly since she was taken off the route to become an auxiliary cruiser of Uncle Sam's navy. She carried a large number of passengers for the season. Chancettent, Bhode Island and Eastern New

The American Company Underbids Its A severe cut, which was made yesterday by the firm of Ligget & Meyers cut the prices of plug tobacco about 10 per cent. This cut was not met by the Drummond Tobacco Company or other manufacturers, but the purchase of the Drummond Company by the American To-bacco Company having been completed, the American Company has met the cut of Liggat & Meyers and gone that firm one better, its prices being about 10 per cent, below those of Ligget & Meyers. The American Company has also offered premiums to all salesmen of whole-sale tobacco dealers in the United States, ag-gregating more than \$100,000, which it is ex-pected will result in increasing the sales of the product of the American Company.

\$4.00.

Hunters and saddle horses belonging to Adam Beck, the Hon, John Sanford and other well-known horsemen had their innings yesterday at the American can Horse Exchange. Fair prices were realized for the fifty odd animals sold under the direction of W. D. Grand. The top price of the day was reached when R. S. Clark paid \$2,050 for the handsome, well-known hunter Red Oak. The best sales were:

Court Calendars This Day.

Court Calendars This Day.

Appellate Division—Supreme Court.—Nos. 70, 71, 98, 92, 38, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 110, 112, 113.

Supreme Court.—Special Term.—Part I.—Motion calendar called at 10:30 A. M. Part II.—Ex-parts matters. Part III.—Case untimbled, Motions Denorrers—Nos. 584, 808, 835, Preferred caused—Nos. 1981, 1886, 1520, 355, 1818, 1745, 2011. Part IV.—Case untimbled, Motions Denorrers—Nos. 1981, 1886, 1520, 355, 1818, 1745, 2011. Part IV.—Case untimbled, Motions Denorrers—Nos. 1981, 1886, 1520, 355, 1818, 1745, 2011. Part IV.—Case untimbled, Low and Fact.—Nos. 1565, 1630, 1107, 130, 128, 218, 2217, 2217, 2017. Part IV.—Motions from Special Term. Part I. Part VII.—Case untimbled. No. 220, II. B. Claffin vs. Metropolitian Elevated Raifusad Company. No. 228, Seaman's Bank for Savings vs. New York Elevated Raifusad Company. Trial Term.—Part II.—Case untimbled. Professor, 1041, 6049, 5327, 6114, 6125, 6192, 5200, 5768, 4430, 6564, 6564, 6564, 6564, 6564, 6664, 6667,

Court of Appeals Calendar.

